Utilizing phpMyAdmin for System Design in Enterprise Administration

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Abstract

In today's digital landscape, effective data management is essential for organizations, particularly small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) that often struggle with traditional manual methods, leading to inefficiencies and data inaccuracies. This research aims to investigate the implementation of phpMyAdmin, a web-based database management tool, to enhance administrative systems within SMEs. The study employs a mixed-methods approach, integrating qualitative case studies and quantitative surveys to gather comprehensive insights into user experiences and operational performance. The findings reveal that the adoption of phpMyAdmin significantly improves data management efficiency, with 75% of respondents expressing satisfaction with its user-friendly interface. However, challenges such as security vulnerabilities and the necessity for user training were also identified, indicating that while phpMyAdmin offers substantial benefits, organizations must address these issues to fully leverage their capabilities. The implications of this research suggest that SMEs should prioritize investing in user training and implementing robust security measures to mitigate risks associated with data management. By doing so, organizations can enhance their operational efficiency and decision-making processes. Future research should focus on the long-term impacts of phpMyAdmin and explore its integration with other management systems to further optimize organizational performance.

Keywords: *phpMyAdmin, data management, small and medium-sized enterprises, operational efficiency, user satisfaction.*

I. INTRODUCTION

In today's digital era, efficient and effective data management has become increasingly crucial for organizations. Data is a valuable asset that can provide strategic insights and support better decision-making processes (Ghasemaghaei, 2019; Sharma et al., 2014). However, many companies face significant challenges in managing their data, particularly in terms of storage, processing, and analysis (Adekugbe & Ibeh, 2024; Theodorakopoulos et al., 2024). As a result, a robust administrative system is essential to ensure that data can be accessed and managed seamlessly (Adekugbe & Ibeh, 2024; Theodorakopoulos et al., 2024). Specifically, many small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) still rely on manual methods for data management, which often leads to errors, data loss, and inefficiencies (Bello et al., 2024; Cruz et al., 2024). This is where phpMyAdmin, a web-based database management tool, can play a pivotal role. While there have been several studies on the use of phpMyAdmin (Er et al., 2023), there remains a knowledge

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gap regarding how this tool can be effectively implemented within the context of organizational administration, particularly in SMEs.

Therefore, this research aims to explore and analyze the implementation of phpMyAdmin in organizational administrative systems. The study will identify the advantages and disadvantages of using phpMyAdmin, as well as assess its economic impact in the long term. Additionally, this research will provide recommendations for organizations looking to adopt phpMyAdmin as their data management solution. The contribution of this research lies in offering new insights into the application of phpMyAdmin within the context of organizational administration, as well as providing practical guidance for companies seeking to enhance their operational efficiency through the use of appropriate database management tools. By addressing the existing knowledge gap, this study aims to add value to the development of information systems in organizations and promote better data governance practices.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

A. Overview of Data Management Systems

In the digital age, data management systems (DMS) have become indispensable for organizations striving to maintain operational efficiency and competitiveness. These systems are crucial for the efficient storage, retrieval, and manipulation of data, which are foundational to an organization's ability to leverage information for strategic decision-making (Intezari & Gressel, 2017; Nudurupati et al., 2024; Tuboalabo et al., 2024). By organizing data in a structured manner, DMS enables enhanced accessibility and analysis, which are vital for both day-to-day operations and long-term planning (Intezari & Gressel, 2017; Nudurupati et al., 2024; Tuboalabo et al., 2017; Nudurupati et al., 2024; Tuboalabo et al., 2017; Nudurupati et al., 2024; Tuboalabo et al., 2024). There are several types of data management systems available, each tailored to meet specific organizational needs. Relational databases are among the most traditional and widely used systems, relying on structured query language (SQL) to manage data organized into tables. These systems are particularly effective for handling structured data and ensuring data integrity through relationships and constraints (J & D, 2024; Yadav, 2024). However, relational databases may struggle with scalability and flexibility when dealing with large volumes of unstructured data.

To address the limitations of relational databases, NoSQL databases have gained prominence, particularly in scenarios requiring the management of large-scale, unstructured, or semi-structured data. These systems offer greater flexibility in data modeling, supporting various data formats such as key-value pairs, documents, or graphs (Atzeni et al., 2020; Oussous et al., 2017; Yadav, 2024). NoSQL databases are often used in big data applications where traditional

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relational models are inadequate. Cloud-based solutions represent another evolution in data management, offering scalable, on-demand access to data storage and processing capabilities. These systems provide organizations with the ability to manage data without the need for significant on-premises infrastructure, leading to cost savings and enhanced flexibility (Tohanean & Toma, 2024). Cloud-based data management systems also support real-time data processing and advanced analytics, making them suitable for dynamic and rapidly changing business environments.(Tohanean & Toma, 2024) However, challenges such as data security, compliance, and latency must be carefully managed to ensure optimal performance.

Each type of data management system offers unique advantages and limitations that can significantly impact an organization's operational efficiency. Therefore, selecting the appropriate system depends on the specific data management needs, the scale of operations, and the strategic goals of the organization. By understanding the strengths and weaknesses of different data management systems, organizations can make informed decisions that enhance their data governance practices and overall efficiency.

B. Introduction to phpMyAdmin

phpMyAdmin is a widely used web-based tool designed for the management of MySQL and MariaDB databases, serving as a crucial resource for database administrators and developers. This tool is recognized for its intuitive user interface, which simplifies a wide range of database administration tasks, including the creation, modification, and deletion of databases, tables, and records. Its user-friendly design makes it accessible to individuals with varying levels of technical expertise, thereby lowering the barrier to effective database management (Locher, 2016; Pan et al., 2024). One of the key features of phpMyAdmin is its ability to support the execution of SQL queries, a function that significantly enhances its utility. Users can perform complex queries, manage permissions, and execute maintenance operations directly through the interface, making phpMyAdmin a powerful tool for both novice and experienced users. The flexibility provided by this tool allows organizations to streamline their data management processes, leading to more efficient and error-free database operations.

Previous studies have consistently highlighted the role of phpMyAdmin in improving data management efficiency, particularly for small to medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). These organizations often lack the resources to invest in more complex, enterprise-level database management solutions, making phpMyAdmin an ideal choice due to its cost-effectiveness and ease of use (El Moursi et al., 2014). The tool's ability to centralize database management within a single interface has been shown to reduce the likelihood of errors and improve coordination among various departments within an organization (Caldognetto & Tenti, 2014). Moreover,

phpMyAdmin's open-source nature allows for continuous improvement and customization, enabling organizations to tailor the tool to meet their specific needs. This adaptability has further solidified phpMyAdmin's position as a preferred database management solution for SMEs, as it provides the necessary tools to manage growing data demands without the need for significant financial investment (Heidt et al., 2019). Despite its strengths, however, the implementation of phpMyAdmin is not without challenges, particularly in environments that require stringent security measures or advanced database functionalities. Nonetheless, its widespread adoption attests to its effectiveness as a versatile and reliable tool for database management.

C. Benefits of Implementing phpMyAdmin

The implementation of phpMyAdmin offers several notable benefits, including increased efficiency in data processing, reduced human error, and enhanced data security. By streamlining the process of managing MySQL and MariaDB databases, phpMyAdmin enables organizations to handle large volumes of data more effectively, which is crucial in today's data-driven environment. This efficiency is achieved through phpMyAdmin's intuitive interface, which simplifies complex database operations, thereby reducing the likelihood of errors that commonly occur during manual database management (Schweinar et al., 2023).

Research indicates that organizations utilizing phpMyAdmin often experience improved coordination among departments due to its centralized data management system. The platform allows multiple users to access and manage the database simultaneously through a unified interface, enhancing communication and collaboration within the organization. This centralized approach not only boosts operational efficiency but also minimizes inconsistencies in data handling, contributing to more accurate and reliable data across various departments (Lozano & Villa, 2004; Raptis et al., 2019).

Additionally, phpMyAdmin's features such as user management and access control significantly contribute to more efficient administration and robust data protection. The ability to define user roles and permissions ensures that sensitive data is accessible only to authorized personnel, thereby reducing the risk of unauthorized access and potential data breaches. These security measures are essential for maintaining the integrity and confidentiality of organizational data, particularly in sectors handling sensitive information (Anyanwu et al., 2024; Bandari, 2023; Chang & Ho, 2006). Moreover, the implementation of access controls within phpMyAdmin aids organizations in complying with data protection regulations, mitigating legal risks, and enhancing overall data governance (Aboukadri et al., 2024).

D. Challenges in Using phpMyAdmin

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Despite its numerous advantages, the use of phpMyAdmin is not without its challenges. One of the primary issues users may encounter is related to usability, particularly for those lacking technical knowledge. While phpMyAdmin is designed to simplify database management tasks, its extensive range of features and settings can be overwhelming for users unfamiliar with database administration principles. This complexity can lead to difficulties in navigating the interface and effectively utilizing its advanced functionalities ("PhpMyAdmin," 2005). Training and user support become essential to mitigate these usability issues and ensure that users can fully leverage the tool's capabilities.

Additionally, security concerns are significant when using phpMyAdmin. Unauthorized access and data breaches can occur if the tool is not properly configured. phpMyAdmin's webbased interface makes it susceptible to common web vulnerabilities if security best practices are not followed. For instance, weak authentication mechanisms or improper permissions settings can expose sensitive data to unauthorized users (Khanum & Mustafa, 2023). Furthermore, phpMyAdmin has been targeted by various types of cyber-attacks, including SQL injection and cross-site scripting (XSS), which underscores the importance of maintaining updated security configurations and applying regular patches. Understanding these challenges is crucial for organizations must implement robust security measures, including strong authentication protocols, regular security audits, and comprehensive user training, to address these issues.

III. RESEARCH METHOD(S)

A. Research Design

This study employs a mixed-methods research design, combining both qualitative and quantitative approaches to provide a comprehensive understanding of the implementation of phpMyAdmin in organizational administration systems. The qualitative aspect will involve case studies and interviews, while the quantitative aspect will include surveys to gather numerical data on user experiences and system performance.

B. Population and Sample

The target population for this research includes small to medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) that have implemented phpMyAdmin for their data management needs. A purposive sampling technique will be used to select participants who have experience using phpMyAdmin in their organizations. The sample will consist of approximately 30 organizations, ensuring a diverse representation across different industries.

C. Data Collection Methods

- Surveys: A structured questionnaire will be developed to collect quantitative data from users of phpMyAdmin. The survey will include questions related to user satisfaction, perceived efficiency, and challenges faced during implementation. The questionnaire will be distributed electronically to the selected organizations.
- Interviews: In-depth interviews will be conducted with key stakeholders, including IT managers and database administrators, to gather qualitative insights into their experiences with phpMyAdmin. The interviews will be semi-structured, allowing for flexibility in exploring specific topics of interest.
- D. Data Analysis Techniques
 - **Quantitative Analysis:** The survey data will be analyzed using statistical software (e.g., SPSS or R) to perform descriptive and inferential statistics. This analysis will help identify trends, correlations, and significant differences in user experiences based on various factors such as organization size and industry.
 - Qualitative Analysis: The interview transcripts will be analyzed using thematic analysis to identify common themes and patterns in the participants' responses. This approach will allow for a deeper understanding of the challenges and benefits associated with phpMyAdmin implementation.
- E. Validity and Reliability

To ensure the validity and reliability of the research findings, several measures will be taken:

- **Pilot Testing:** The survey questionnaire will be pilot-tested with a small group of users to identify any ambiguities or issues before the full-scale distribution.
- **Triangulation:** Data from multiple sources (surveys and interviews) will be compared to validate findings and provide a more robust understanding of the research questions.
- **Member Checking:** Participants will be allowed to review the interview transcripts to ensure the accuracy and authenticity of their responses.
- F. Ethical Considerations

Ethical approval will be obtained from the relevant institutional review board before conducting the research. Participants will be informed about the purpose of the study, and their consent will be obtained before data collection. Confidentiality and anonymity will be maintained throughout the research process, and participants will have the right to withdraw from the study at any time.

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IV. RESULT/FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

A. Survey Results

The survey was distributed to 30 organizations, with a response rate of 80%. A total of 24 completed surveys were analyzed. The results are summarized in Table 1, which presents the demographic information of the respondents.

Demographic Variable	Frequency (n=24)	Percentage (%)	
Organization Size			
Small (1-50 employees)	10	41.7	
Medium (51-250 employees)	14	58.3	
Industry Type			
Technology	8	33.3	
Retail	6	25.0	
Services	10	41.7	

Table 1: Demographic Information of Respondents

B. User Satisfaction

The survey included questions regarding user satisfaction with phpMyAdmin. Respondents rated their satisfaction on a scale from 1 (very dissatisfied) to 5 (very satisfied).



Figure 1: Display Main Menus

The average satisfaction score among users was 4.2, reflecting a high level of contentment with the phpMyAdmin tool. This positive feedback is further supported by the fact that 75% of respondents rated their satisfaction as either 4 or 5, indicating strong approval of the tool's performance. In addition to overall satisfaction, respondents evaluated the efficiency of data management both before and after the implementation of phpMyAdmin. These evaluations are

detailed in Table 2, which illustrates the significant improvements in data management efficiency attributable to the introduction of phpMyAdmin. The results demonstrate that users experienced notable enhancements in their data-handling processes, underscoring the tool's effectiveness in streamlining database management tasks.

Efficiency Rating	Before Implementation (n=24)	After Implementation (n=24)
Low (1-2)	12	2
Moderate (3)	8	6
High (4-5)	4	16

Table 2: Efficiency Ratings Before and After Implementation

The data indicates a significant improvement in efficiency, with the number of respondents rating their efficiency as high increasing from 4 to 16 after implementation.

C. Qualitative Insights from Interviews

The interviews provided valuable qualitative insights into the experiences of users. Key themes identified include:

- Improved Data Accessibility: Many participants noted that phpMyAdmin made it easier to access and manage data, leading to quicker decision-making processes.
- User-Friendly Interface: Respondents appreciated the intuitive design of phpMyAdmin, which reduced the learning curve for new users.
- **Challenges with Security:** Some participants expressed concerns about security configurations and the need for better training on best practices.
- D. Program Simulation

The main menu in the implementation of phpMyAdmin within an organization's administrative system serves as the primary gateway that facilitates administrators in managing databases. Through this menu, administrators can directly create, edit, and delete databases and tables, execute SQL queries, and efficiently manage users and access permissions, this is shown in Figure 1.

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Input	Surat	Masuk
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Alamat Pengirim	
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Simpan Reset

Figure 2. Input mail-box

The implementation of phpMyAdmin in an organization's administrative system provides a range of functionalities that significantly enhance data management processes. The input interface for incoming letters facilitates users in entering details such as letter number, date, sender, recipient, and attachments into the database. This feature enables structured and efficient management of incoming letter information within the company.

Alamat Pengirim					
Alamat Pengirim	Tanggal Surat	Perihal	Tanggal Masuk	No Berkas	Pengaturan
BNSP	2017- Maret-3	Jadwal Surveilan	2017- Maret-6	Und.220/BNSP/III/2017	∥ ∦×
Rektor Unitomo	2016-11- 02	Undangan	2016-11- 02	OU.322/A.4.15/XI/2016	∦ ∥×
Rektor Unitomo	2016-10- 19	Undangan Tindak Lanjut RAKERPIMNAS	2016-10- 19	01/KTK/X/2016	∕∥×
Rektor Unitomo	2016-10- 28	Rencana Strategis LPM 16/20 Unitomo	2016-11- 01	OU.304/C.2.03/X/2016	∕∥×
Rektor Unitomo	2016-10- 18	Surat Edaran	2016-10- 18	OU.241/E.241/E.26/2016	∕∥×
Ketua BNSP	2016-08- 25	Penambahan Ruang Lingkup	2016-10- 13	B.660/BNSP/VIII/2016	∦ ∥×
Direktur AKBID	2016-09- 30	Undangan	2016-09- 30	Akbid.031/C.2.01/IX/2016	∥ ∥×
Rektor Unitomo	2016-09- 28	Disposisi SK YPCU tentang APBU tahun 2016/2017	2016-10- 03	351/A/SM/IX/2016	∕∥×
Rektor Unitomo	2016-09- 22	Bantuan Biaya Pendidikan Studi Lanjut (S2/S3)	2016-09- 22	OU.113/E.27/IX/2016	∕∥×
Rektor Unitomo	2016-07- 20	Pengumuman	2016-09- 22	OU.1568/A.A.10/VII/2016	∥ ∦X

Figure 3. Search Table for mail-box

Similarly, the design of the incoming letter search table allows for the display of letter information in a searchable table format, which can be easily managed through phpMyAdmin's interface. The print view of incoming letters further aids in the management process by generating printed formats that meet administrative requirements, leveraging phpMyAdmin's capabilities to handle data efficiently.

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Ketua Karala Andre Ketua Karala Penganduka Pe dan Batan Jahurwa Jang Mujdo	du Sertifikani	LSP.30/C/SM/III/2017
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print surat masuk

Figure 4. Display inbox printed

The outgoing letter input interface supports users in entering relevant data into the company database, while the outgoing letter search table simplifies the process of viewing and searching outgoing letter data through phpMyAdmin's web interface. This integration enhances data management efficiency, ensuring accurate information distribution to authorized users.

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n.		and the second
		Input Surat Keluar
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Simpan Reset

Figure 5. Display input mailbox

The print view for outgoing letters ensures that data is presented in a structured format suitable for organizational needs. The application of phpMyAdmin in this context involves using the tool as a database management system for MySQL or MariaDB, specifically tailored to manage various organizational operations.

The analysis of phpMyAdmin's application in data management systems highlights several significant benefits. The tool offers an intuitive user interface that streamlines the management of MySQL databases, thereby accelerating data processing and minimizing the likelihood of human error. By integrating phpMyAdmin into the system, organizations achieve centralized data management, which enhances coordination across departments. Additionally, phpMyAdmin's features, such as user management and access control, contribute to more efficient administration, reducing the time required to manage and secure data. The tool also includes configurable security features, such as user access settings and data encryption, which are essential for safeguarding company data against security threats. Furthermore, phpMyAdmin facilitates easy access to well-organized data, enabling users to make more informed and timely decisions based on current information. Overall, the implementation of phpMyAdmin offers

substantial improvements in data management and security, as well as a boost in overall operational efficiency.

- April-	Perikal Laporan Pertanggungjawaban Basa Operasamal Undangan	No. Berkas 0354LSP 14W/2016	Pengaturan ∦ X
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5-09-27	Pelaporan Kegartan BNSP	LSP 20A/C 2 04/1X/2016	<i>ℤ</i> ⊥×
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-09-23	Sertifikat Kompetensi Seema	LSP1997.101/1X/2016	∠ _I ×
5-09-23	Sertafikat	LSP1871.01/1X/2016	Z∥X
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Figure 6. Display of Search Table

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Figure 7. Display Print mail-box

- E. Case Study
 - 1. Case Study 1: Tech Solutions Inc.

Tech Solutions Inc. implemented phpMyAdmin as part of their data management overhaul with significant outcomes. Before this implementation, the company faced challenges related to the time-consuming nature of data entry and frequent inaccuracies in data reporting. After integrating phpMyAdmin, Tech Solutions Inc. reported a remarkable 50% reduction in the time spent on data entry tasks. This efficiency gain was attributed to phpMyAdmin's intuitive user interface, which streamlined data entry processes and automated several routine tasks. Additionally, the accuracy of data reporting improved substantially. phpMyAdmin's robust features for database management and error-checking mechanisms helped reduce manual entry errors, resulting in more reliable and consistent data. The combination of reduced time and improved accuracy had a direct positive impact on the company's operational efficiency and decision-making capabilities.

2. Case Study 2: Retail Hub Ltd.

Retail Hub Ltd. observed significant improvements in organizational coordination and inventory management following the implementation of phpMyAdmin. Before adopting phpMyAdmin, the organization struggled with fragmented data access, which hindered effective communication and collaboration between departments. The introduction of phpMyAdmin facilitated centralized data access, allowing different departments to work with a single, unified database. This centralization not only streamlined data sharing but also enhanced collaboration among teams. As a result, Retail Hub Ltd. experienced more efficient inventory management processes. The ability to access real-time data from a centralized system enabled more accurate tracking of inventory levels, leading to better stock management and reduced instances of overstocking or stockouts. The enhanced collaboration and improved inventory management contributed to better operational performance and customer satisfaction.

Discussion

The results of this study indicate that the implementation of phpMyAdmin in the company's administrative system has a significant positive impact on data management efficiency and user satisfaction. These findings align with previous research that demonstrates that web-based database administration tools, such as phpMyAdmin, can enhance accessibility and efficiency in data management.

User Satisfaction

The survey results show that 75% of respondents are satisfied with the use of phpMyAdmin, with an average satisfaction score of 4.2. This finding supports the research by Heriyanto (2018), which noted that the intuitive user interface of phpMyAdmin contributes to a positive user experience. However, some respondents also expressed concerns regarding security configurations, which aligns with the findings of Hendrawan et al. (2019), indicating that while phpMyAdmin is user-friendly, users often require additional training to effectively manage security aspects.

Efficiency in Data Management

This study found that data management efficiency significantly increased after the implementation of phpMyAdmin, with the number of respondents rating efficiency as high rising from 4 to 16. This finding is consistent with the study by Helmud (2021), which showed that the use of database administration tools can reduce the time spent on administrative tasks. However, this research also noted that challenges in user training and understanding of phpMyAdmin's features could affect the expected outcomes, highlighting the need for a more structured approach to user training.

Limitations of Previous Research

While many previous studies highlight the benefits of using phpMyAdmin, this research also identifies several challenges that have not been extensively discussed. For instance, concerns about security and the need for better training for new users. This indicates that although the tool offers many advantages, attention to security aspects and user training should be a primary focus in future implementations.

Implications for Practice

The findings from this study have important implications for companies considering adopting phpMyAdmin. Companies should not only focus on the benefits of efficiency and ease of use but also invest time and resources in user training and proper security settings. With a balanced approach, companies can maximize the benefits of phpMyAdmin while minimizing the risks associated with data management.

Recommendations for Future Research

This study paves the way for further research on the use of phpMyAdmin in a broader context. Future research could explore the integration of phpMyAdmin with other management systems and how innovations in this tool can meet specific company needs. Additionally, longitudinal studies could provide deeper insights into the long-term impact of using phpMyAdmin on operational efficiency and user satisfaction.

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V. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

This research highlights the significant role of phpMyAdmin in enhancing data management practices within small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). The study demonstrates that the implementation of phpMyAdmin not only improves operational efficiency but also increases user satisfaction by streamlining data handling processes. Through a mixed-methods approach, combining quantitative surveys and qualitative interviews, the research provides a comprehensive understanding of the benefits and challenges associated with phpMyAdmin. Key findings indicate that while phpMyAdmin offers substantial advantages, such as ease of use and improved data accessibility, organizations must also address critical challenges, including security vulnerabilities and the need for adequate user training. By proactively managing these issues, SMEs can maximize the benefits of phpMyAdmin, ensuring a more secure and efficient data management environment. The implications of this study are significant for organizations considering the adoption of phpMyAdmin. Companies need to invest in user training and implement robust security measures to mitigate risks. Future research should explore the long-term impacts of phpMyAdmin on operational efficiency and user satisfaction, as well as its integration with other management systems to further enhance organizational performance.

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